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Syria Crisis

January Humanitarian Highlights & Results

SYRIA, JORDAN, LEBANON, IRAQ, TURKEY AND EGYPT

JANUARY 2015

Highlights

- In response to the harsh weather conditions at the end of December UNICEF emergency teams distributed winter clothing, blankets, heating supplies, cash and vouchers to 916,000 children in Syria, Iraq, Lebanon, Jordan and Turkey of the 1.3 million targeted. Since January 11th, UNICEF has provided additional winter support to just under 105,000 beneficiaries bringing the total to 1,020,825 beneficiaries reached since the start of the cold.
- Access to the north eastern governorates of Raqqa, Dier Ez zour and Hassakeh remains a challenge. UNICEF managed to deliver routine vaccine supplies and 10,000 blankets in addition to 40 tons of sodium hypochlorite to Raqqa (enough quantity to cover needs until March) while provision of water treatment chlorine and fuel continues to be constrained to Dier Ez Zour since September 2014.
- UNICEF Syria and partners provided emergency relief to 3,440 internally displaced people from East Ghouta and Douma, besieged locations in Rural Damascus. 1,500 more are expected to arrive from East Ghouta in the coming days.
- In Lebanon, in January, UNICEF and implementing partners delivered 35,142 winter clothing kits. In addition, UNICEF delivered 531,874 litres of heating fuel to 343 public schools and 31,700 litres to five UNRWA schools ensuring that children continue to learn during the cold winter months. To date over 270,000 children have been reached as a result of UNICEF's response this winter.
- Following on the model of cash assistance programs in neighbouring countries, such as Lebanon, UNICEF Jordan is initiating a humanitarian unconditional child cash grant for up to 75,000 vulnerable Syrian refugee children in Jordan, as part of the No Lost Generation effort. Beginning in February, UNICEF, in collaboration with UNHCR will support 44,000 Syrian refugee children in Jordan with unconditional cash assistance.

In Syria

5,600,000
of children in need

12,184,000
of people in need
(HNO, November 2014)

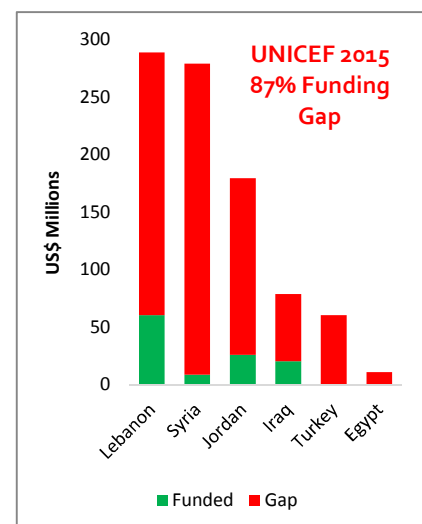
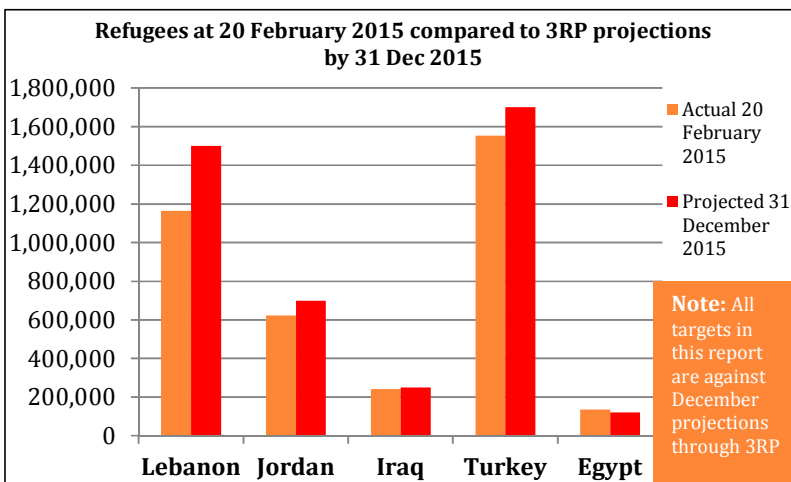
Outside Syria

1,941,584
of registered refugee children and children awaiting registration

3,800,109
of registered refugees and persons awaiting registration
(18 January 2015)

Syria Appeal 2015
US\$279 million

Regional Appeal 2015
US\$ 624 million
* January – December 2015



Syria

Health

A sub-national polio immunization campaign was carried out from the 4th to 8th January 2015 targeting 308,191 children under five in 56 hard to reach districts. 179,576 children under-five were vaccinated against polio during the campaign, including 15,997 children who received the vaccine for the first time in 8 governorates. Syria will implement 3 additional national immunization campaigns in February, March and May 2015 targeting 2.9 million children under five. UNICEF has procured additional 10.5 million doses of vaccines which will be used in these campaigns. Damascus, Hama, Homs, Lattakia, Tartous, Idleb, Hassakeh, Sweida and Daraa registered above 90 per cent reach and Raqqa over 70 per cent. Insecurity and constant population movement resulted in low coverage in the targeted districts in Deir Ezzor, Rural Damascus, while Quneitra was not covered due to active conflict.

Nutrition

Since January, a total of 12,109 children as well as pregnant and lactating women received multi-micronutrient supplementation and 10,139 children under-five provided with nutrition supplements while 99 children under five were treated for severe acute malnutrition. In 2015 it is estimated that about 3.9 million children and pregnant and lactating women will be in need of nutrition services across Syria.

Education

This year, through school rehabilitation, provision of bursaries and pre-fabricated classrooms, UNICEF has expanded access to formal education for 45,720 students and provided non-formal education opportunities for 8,553 children. School closures remain a concern across the country with all but 24 ISIL-run primary schools in Raqqa city closed. In Deir Ezzor, ISIL has reopened some schools after modifying the curriculum. In Hassakeh, 870 out of 2,425 schools have closed, as are many in ISIL controlled areas of Aleppo.

WASH

Since January, 480,447 vulnerable individuals have benefitted from emergency water supply interventions. Connections to the main water pipeline have been cut in Idleb, Ariha and Hisr Al Shugur affecting an estimated 104,000 people. UNICEF in partnership with a local NGO provided 700 cubic meters of water per day through water trucking directly to affected communities for a period of two weeks. It also distributed 14 water tanks to enhance water storage capacities and 200 boxes of aqua tabs for household water treatment. UNICEF continues to ensure access to safe water where public networks have been disrupted.

Water supply networks in Aleppo are functioning again, however frequent power cuts remain a challenge for electricity reliant distribution pipelines. UNICEF, in partnership with local NGOs, is providing 400 meter cubic of water daily to 35,000 Internally Displaced people in 21 IDP shelters and to 40,000 students in 58 schools. In addition, UNICEF is providing technical and material support to local water authorities to repair water networks in 25 locations in the city.

Security Council Resolutions 2139, 2165 and 2191

From Damascus, in cross line convoys, UNICEF provided assistance to 425,070 people (including 195,532 children) with water, sanitation, hygiene, nutrition, winter clothes, and education and child protections services. Convoys with essential supplies reached 178,750 through cross border operations with winter kits, water, sanitation and essential drugs.

Winter response

As part of the winter response plan for 2014-15, UNICEF has already procured winter clothes for 342,438 children and 195,000 blankets. Since January, UNICEF distributed 54,962 children winter kits, a significant portion of which has been through cross line convoys. UNICEF participated in one inter-agency convoy mission to Al-Waer, Homs City on 15, 18 and 21 January reaching 65,000 people (including over 29,900 children) with critical supplies for WASH, nutrition and winter clothes.

UNICEF and partners provided emergency relief to 3,440 internally displaced people from East Ghouta and Douma, besieged locations in Rural Damascus. 1,500 more are expected to arrive from East Ghouta in the coming days. UNICEF's provided critical nutrition supplies including 470 boxes of High Energy biscuits, 350 boxes of plumpy doz, 190 box of plumpy nuts, 2 sets of Inter-Agency Health kits and 1,150 family hygiene kits in addition to psychosocial support to children and mothers.

Estimated Affected Population

* OCHA 2014. The figures are calculated on CBS 2011 demographic distribution and - children under 18 years (46.27%)

Population in Need*	12.2 million
Children in Need (Under 18)	5.6 mn
Total Displaced Population *	7.6 mn
Children internally Displaced	3.5 mn
People in Hard to Reach areas	4.8 mn
People in Besieged areas	212,000
Children in Hard to Reach areas	Up to 2 million

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS (January 2015)

	2015 Sector Target	2015 Sector Results	2015 UNICEF Target	2015 UNICEF Results
WASH* - 2015 Need: Safe water - 16.5 million; Hygiene - 12 million (SRP 2015)				
# affected population provided with access to safe drinking and domestic water ²	7,190,524	636,084	4,000,000	480,447
# affected population periodically provided with hygiene items coupled with hygiene promotion messages ³	6,744,015	57,205	2,500,000	43,405
# affected population with access to appropriately designed toilets and sanitation services ⁴	4,583,000	107,227	1,500,000	41,989
Child Protection (CP)				
# children receiving Explosive Remnant of War risk education in schools and communities ⁵	n/a	n/a	1,350,000	0
# of girls and boys participating in structured, sustained child protection or psychosocial support programmes ⁶	n/a	n/a	350,000	23,292
# of children and adolescents reached through unstructured psychosocial activities ⁷	n/a	n/a	250,000	0
# of child protection actors and stakeholders trained (women, men) ⁸	n/a	n/a	2,000	0
Education - 2015 Need: 4.5 million people				
# children (6-17) with access to formal education ⁹	3,500,000	45,720	365,500	45,720
# children (6-19) with access to non-formal education opportunities ¹⁰	4,500,000	8,553	1,600,000	8,553
# teachers and education actors with access to professional training and capacity development initiatives ¹¹	480,000	n/a	6,800	0
# children (3-15) receiving Back to Learning (BTL) materials ¹²	4,500,000	n/a	2,800,000	0
Health				
# children under five reached with polio vaccine	UNICEF is not sector lead		2,900,000	179,576
# children under one with routine vaccination	UNICEF is not sector lead		570,000	0
# children & pregnant/ lactating women accessing basic health services	UNICEF is not sector lead		1,300,000	66,822
Nutrition - 2015 Need: 3.94 million people (SRP 2015)				
# children U5 and PLWs receiving multi-micronutrients supplementation ¹³	2,200,000	n/a	1,000,000	12,109
# children 6-59 months receiving nutrient supplements ¹⁴	517,000	n/a	370,000	10,319
# children 6-59 months treated for SAM ¹⁵	21,000	n/a	21,000	99
Social Policy - 2015 Need: 9.96 million people (1.9 million families)				
# families receiving cash assistance to meet their basic needs ¹⁶	UNICEF is not sector lead		20,000	0
# children benefitting from winter and summer clothes ¹⁷	UNICEF is not sector lead		500,000	54,962

¹ An estimated up to 16.55 million people benefit from sustained supply of chlorine to treat drinking water across the country, with population in need estimated at 16,500,000 for treatment supplies to disinfect water supplies.

² Cumulative people accessing safe drinking water through rehabilitation/ repair of water supply systems with established Operations/Maintenance mechanism, in addition to affected population in IDP shelters and institutions reached through rehabilitation of water supply systems, water trucking, installation of water tanks, and distribution of water kits.

³ Affected population reached with periodic distribution of hygiene items in institutions and IDP settlements coupled with dissemination of hygiene promotion messages.

⁴ Affected population in IDP settlements, host communities, and institutions, with access to hygienic toilets or latrines with hand washing facilities, and rehabilitation of sewage and drainage infrastructure. In addition to solid waste interventions in IDP settlements.

⁵ Children/ individuals in communities reached through explosive-remnants-of-war (ERW) Risk Education (RE) awareness through schools/ mass communication, & integrating RE into existing activities including school clubs, health services and other child protection services.

⁶ Beneficiaries of psychosocial support include children and adolescents receiving psychosocial support in Child Friendly Spaces (CFS), Adolescent Friendly Spaces (23,292 adolescents), mobile units, and school clubs.

⁷ Level 1 PSS activities including children benefitting from recreation kits and child protection open days. In addition, this indicator will measure adolescents reached through outreach approach (150,000 adolescents).

⁸ CP actors include 1500 school counsellors and 500 community / NGO workers, trained in PSS and case management and referrals.

⁹ Children provided with equitable access to formal education opportunities through the rehabilitation of schools (350,000), provision of prefabricated class rooms (14,000), and with basic education bursaries (1,500), and giving access to formal schools.

¹⁰ Children provided with non-formal education opportunities (some of which can improve learning in formal schools), including 1.6 million children and adolescents provided with self-learning materials, 500,000 children provided with remedial education, and 165,000 adolescents with Life Skills Based Education, including at least 56,000 with vocational education.

¹¹ Includes: i) Developing capacity of 5,600 teachers including in active learning, curriculum B, self-learning, extra-curricular, and life-skills education; ii) 200 education participants capacity development support in minimum standards/ information management; iii) 115 teachers trained on Life skills; and iv) 1,000 youth volunteers/facilitators trained on vocational and life skills.

¹² Provision of essential teaching and learning materials including text books, school bags and stationaries (2.8 Million)

¹³ Children reached with micronutrient supplementation/ pregnant & lactating women receiving micronutrients incl. iron folate.

¹⁴ Children aged 6-36 months who received complementary foods and lipid-based nutrient supplements

¹⁵ Children treated for Severe Acute Malnutrition with Ready-to-use Therapeutic Food (RUTF) e.g. Plumpy Nut.

¹⁶ Displaced and vulnerable households supported with cash and vouchers to meet immediate basic needs

¹⁷ Displaced children (3 months to 14 years) supported to protect them from the impact of extreme weather - particularly in shelters/ hard to reach areas.

Jordan

Affected Population

Registered refugee figures from UNHCR data portal as at February 20, 2015. There are no persons pending registration.

Registered refugees	622,586
Child Refugees (Under 18)	321,254
Child Refugees (Under 5)	104,594

As the war in Syria rages on with no resolution in sight, 622,586 Syrian refugees in Jordan are increasingly unable to meet basic needs. Shrinking protection space, limited access to livelihoods and fewer resources are having an impact, with high rates of refugees living in conditions of poverty. Evidence gathered by UNICEF also points toward an increase in negative coping mechanisms such as early marriage, and reveals that many families are relying on their children to earn a wage instead of an education, problems which will have far-reaching effects. In 2015, UNICEF Jordan is focusing on innovative approaches to reach the most disadvantaged children in Jordan in a cost-efficient way. The No Lost Generation initiative will evolve within response activities under the Jordan Response Plan and the Refugee Response and Resilience Plan (3RP).

Cash grants

Following on the model of other cash assistance programs in neighbouring countries, such as Lebanon, UNICEF is initiating a humanitarian unconditional child cash grant for up to 75,000 vulnerable Syrian refugee children in Jordan, seeing this as the next essential step under the No Lost Generation effort. Beginning in February, UNICEF in collaboration with UNHCR will support 44,000 children with unconditional cash assistance. The child cash grant offers an avenue to prevent reliance of extremely vulnerable households on negative coping mechanisms, in a way that is cost-efficient operationally and which upholds families' dignity. These families will receive the UNICEF grant with full communication that the grant is for the child's benefit, whereas the UNHCR grant should go toward general household expenses.

Health & Nutrition

In early 2015, UNICEF and Save the Children (SCJ) expanded the Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) programme in all hospitals and health centres located in the south, north and middle of the Jordan valley, while continuing to provide pregnant and lactating women with nutritional support and guidance, breastfeeding promotion, complementary child feeding, one-to-one counselling, and health education sessions in three Syrian camps. In January, UNICEF and partners reached 4,744 (3,344 new and 1,400 follow up visits) pregnant and lactating women (PLW) with IYCF counselling sessions and 714 children under five with screening for malnutrition in the three camps. In addition, 29,052 children under five and Pregnant and Lactating Women received nutritional supplements during the reporting period.

Education and Child Protection

Currently, fewer than 130,000 of the estimated 220,000 school-aged Syrian refugee children access formal education in Jordan. To better address the immediate needs of the estimated 90,000 out-of-school children in 2015 in a cost-effective manner, UNICEF Jordan is mobilizing 20 partner organizations operating over 200 sites nationwide to reach 90,000 out-of-school children with a comprehensive approach to alternative education, child protection, and life skills training in 2015. These sites will provide psychosocial support services (PSS) to at least 120,000 of the 203,264 children who will be reached with PSS in 2015.

WASH

Since January, 94,000 individuals living in camps have accessed safe water as a result of UNICEF emergency support. As the crisis becomes more protracted, greater attention is being placed on increasing sustainability of camp operations, particularly in the area of WASH, as well as providing more support for host communities which have absorbed the large majority of refugees where our interventions have focussed on reinforcing the water distribution network. The transition to more sustainable interventions in camps will scale up significantly in 2015 with the construction of both a water and a wastewater network in Za'atari and full operationalization of the wastewater treatment plants in Za'atari and Azraq.

Winter Response

UNICEF and partners responded rapidly to winter storms in January and February to ensure continual water supply, remove stagnant water in Za'atari and Azraq, desludge overflowing latrines and distribute dewatering pumps to facilitate drainage. UNICEF provided some 102,000 children in camps with winter clothing assistance between November and January.

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS (January 2015)

	Sector 2015 target	Sector result January 2015	UNICEF 2015 target total	UNICEF result January 2015
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE				
# of people with increased access to potable water through improved and expanded water network and household interventions in host communities.	3,366,021	Data incomplete	1,700,000	2,273
# of people with access to potable water in camps	307,000	Data incomplete	140,000	94,000
# of people reached through messages on key hygiene practices	614,937	Data incomplete	305,000	7,478
# of people with access to appropriate sanitation facilities through improvement/extension of sewerage systems and household facilities in host communities	1,467,846	Data incomplete	685,000	2,273
# of people with access to appropriate sanitation facilities through waste management ¹⁸ services in camps	140,000	Data incomplete	140,000	94,000
# of boys and girls having access to WASH services in schools, clinics and child-friendly spaces in host communities	241,212	Data incomplete	200,000	0 new beneficiaries (in 2015)
# of boys and girls having access to WASH services in schools, clinics and child-friendly spaces in camps	45,000	Data incomplete	45,000	0 new beneficiaries (in 2015)
CHILD PROTECTION				
# children/ adolescents with access to psychosocial support services (level 2&3)	333,170	22,434	203,264	10,608 boys & 11,333 girls (21,941)
# children receiving specialized services from case management services from qualified frontline workers	21,025	754	13,785	348 boys & 301 girls (649)
# of community members, including children, sensitized on CP issues, services available and referral pathways.	339,547	15,205	131,000	5,607 men & 9,598 women (15,205)
# of GoJ officials, civil society & humanitarian workers trained on CP	2,592	209	1,050	96 men & 113 women (209)
EDUCATION and YOUTH				
# of school aged Syrian boys and girls registered in Jordanian public schools (primary and secondary)	160,000	127,857	130,000	127,857
# of children and youth benefiting from alternative certified non-formal education	71,208	0	7,500	0
# of children and youth benefiting from alternative informal education (basic learning and numeracy)	118,144	4,810	80,500	4,810
# children and youth benefit from technical skills/post-basic education	n/a	Data incomplete	3,500	375
# children and youth (10-24 yrs old) benefit from life skills activities	n/a	Data incomplete	58,000	4,825
# of children who have received school supplies	210,300	0	160,000	0
# of teachers, school supervisors, counsellors and other educational personnel trained	5674	0	4000	0
HEALTH				
# children 9mo-15yrs vaccinated for measles ¹⁹	34,000		34,000	588
# of children 0-59 months vaccinated for polio ²⁰	248,970		248,970	311 ²¹
# children <5 yrs (boys and girls) fully covered with routine Immunization antigens	34,000		34,000	319
# of child bearing aged women (15-49) received more than two doses of tetanus toxoid	n/a		28,800	1,505
NUTRITION				
# caregivers/ mothers reached with Infant and Young Child Feeding services	153,600	UNICEF not sector lead	72,000	4,744 ²²
# of children U5 screened for malnutrition	n/a		14,500	714 ²³
BASIC NEEDS				
# vulnerable children receiving monthly cash assistance	237,228	UNICEF not sector lead	75,000	0

¹⁸ Includes solid waste and waste matter

¹⁹ Arrivals at Raba Sarhan Transit centre + measles coverage in the camp and host

²⁰ Including one sub NID round is 200,000 and new arrivals 48,970

²¹ Data only from RSTC and camp (SNID is scheduled for end April).

²² Data includes both new/first time IYCF visits and follow up visits.

²³ Data covers both RSTC, host community Syrians and camp Syrians who went through IYCF counselling/MUAC assessments.

Lebanon

Winterisation

In January, UNICEF and implementing partners delivered 35,142 winter clothing kits to vulnerable Syrian refugee children in Lebanon. In addition, UNICEF delivered 531,874 litres of heating fuel to 343 public schools and 31,700 litres to five UNRWA schools ensuring that children continue to learn during the cold winter months. To date over 270,000 children have been reached as a result of UNICEF's response this winter. In response to the storm Zina, which brought freezing winds and snow to Lebanon in early January, UNICEF NGO partner PU-AMI distributed drainage kits in 14 informal settlements benefitting over 1,050 people.

Affected Population

Registered refugee figures from UNHCR data portal as at February 20, 2015.

**estimated as per 3RP*

Registered Refugees	1,163,201
Persons Pending Registration	10,351
Child Refugees (Under 18)	619,986
Child Refugees (Under 5)	218,682
Estimated host community affected*	1,500,000

Education

A total of 502,000 school-aged Syrian refugee children in Lebanon (aged 3-18 years) are registered by UNHCR, of which an estimated 402,000 are in the basic school age group (aged 3-14 years) and 100,000 are in the secondary school age group (aged 15-18 years). The Ministry of Education and Higher Education (MEHE) reports that out of these school-aged Syrian children, 96,000 are currently enrolled in first and second shift formal primary education. Second shift classes for displaced Syrian children, which were expected to start during the last week of January, were postponed due to the early January snowstorm. The second shift classes started on 2 February and enrolment remains open. MEHE has announced that it will release a circular to all school directors of the 147 second shift schools to ensure that schools are opened during weekends and holidays so that second shift students are able to complete the minimum 750 hours of teaching during the 2014-2015 school year.

Health and Nutrition

UNICEF has increased its focus on malnutrition prevention activities through distribution of micro-nutrients as well as accelerated screening country-wide to compensate for lowered levels of food assistance availability. In January over 6,100 children under 5 were screened for malnutrition and 131 were treated.

Child Protection

UNICEF continues to advance the No Lost Generation Initiative with interventions that provide safe space and psychosocial services that support children in developing positive coping mechanisms in response to their exposure to violence. Since January, 1,989 children have benefitted from these services and 803 caregivers have been trained to maintain and build these services.

WASH

Since the beginning of the year, UNICEF has maintained access to safe water for 124,069 individuals across the country, distributions of essential hygiene items have reached 2,130 individuals, while 26,529 persons received key messages on family and public hygiene best practices.

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS (January 2015)

	Sector 2015 target	Sector total 2015 results ²⁴	UNICEF 2015 target	UNICEF total 2015 results
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE				
# of emergency affected population provided with access to safe water	2,620,351	n/a	592,614	124,069
# of individuals with access to hygiene items	342,020	n/a	25,778	2,130
# of population provided with hygiene promotion messaging	2,008,651	n/a	773,326	26,529
# of individuals with access to adequate, appropriate and acceptable sanitation facilities	478,184	n/a	151,266	1,970
CHILD PROTECTION				
# of children (and adolescents) with access to psychosocial support services	302,001	n/a	120,000	1,989
# of children receiving specialised services from qualified frontline workers ²⁵	82,436	n/a	800	5
# of caregivers benefiting from learning activities; information and orientation sessions; and emotional and social support activities	170,272	n/a	150,000	803
EDUCATION				
# of children enrolled in formal education (girls and boys) ²⁶	227,947	n/a	87,150	n/a
# of teachers/educators/facilitators (m/f) trained	14,176	n/a	6,664	42
# children who have received school supplies	516,860	n/a	290,000	15,165
# of children in non-formal learning opportunities (girls and boys)	50,978	n/a	30,000	1,013
# of children (b/g) enrolled in formal ALP basic education	88,820	n/a	60,008	n/a
NUTRITION				
# of children under 5 years age screened for malnutrition	418,220	n/a	300,000	6,143
# of individuals received micro-nutrient supplements (Children and PLW, UNICEF only)	441,200	n/a	440,000	8,304
# of children U5 admitted for malnutrition management	14,282	n/a	13,042	131
HEALTH				
# of primary health care consultations	2,448,565	n/a	850,000	37,420
# children under 5 receiving routine vaccination	239,986	n/a	132,018	1,986
# children vaccinated in campaigns	1,883,300	n/a	1,799,982	n/a
# of healthcare providers trained	6,524	n/a	2,500	n/a

²⁴ Sector results are reported against the sector dashboards as taken from: <http://data.unhcr.org/syrianrefugees>. Data for 2015 is not yet available.

²⁵ Only children who receive specialized services: children needing family-based care, emergency shelters, services for disabilities, WFCL including CAAFAG, and specialized mental health services.

²⁶ Number of children enrolled in public schools for the 2014/2015 school year. UNICEF supported enrolment data is not yet available and will be reported once results are received from the Ministry of Education and Higher Education (MEHE).

Iraq

Winter response

As part of UNICEF's winterization strategy, UNICEF provided all 5,683 students in Darashakran, Basirma, Kawergosk and Qushtapa camp schools with three pieces of winter uniform clothes. The clothes are locally produced at the sewing factory in Darashakran Camp with UNICEF funds, which is run by Syrian refugee women under the supervision of ZHIN local NGO.

WASH

So far this year, UNICEF has provided functioning sanitary facilities that have served 76,176 individuals as well as in camps this year. UNICEF, jointly with Danish Refugee Council (DRC), finalized the construction of a safe and environmentally friendly sewage network, and WASH facilities for 284 slabs have been completed. UNICEF continues its work to improve the sanitation facilities available to Syrians across the eight camps in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq (KR-I). In Qushtapa Camp (Erbil Governorate, 5,300 Syrians), DRC is coordinating the WASH response to a prior outbreak of scabies in the camp.

Education

The second semester of the current academic year 2014-2015 started on January 21, 2015. In Darashakran and Kawergosk camps, a three-shifts per day system was replaced by two shifts thanks to the additional capacity created by two new UNICEF-funded school buildings in these camps. As a result of the extra classroom space, children in these camps can now study for 4 hours a day instead of only 2.5 hours. Since January, UNICEF maintained support for 17,624 refugee children to go to school of which 14,241 have access to psychosocial support through their education programs.

The ongoing shortage of teachers remains a problem in most of the camp schools and risks negatively affecting the quality of education, especially in subjects like math and science. Overcrowding remains a big issue for children in host community schools in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq, especially in schools that use Arabic as the language of instruction. For Syrians in non-camp locations, lack of education due to economic pressure encourages them to work instead of study.

Health and Nutrition

As part of the UNICEF-supported newborn home visit program, UNICEF-trained Syrian refugee nurses visited more than 3,500 tents, 537 newborn babies and 397 post-delivery mothers received follow up examinations out of which 100 newborn and 30 post-delivery women were referred to health facilities, and 15 pregnant women received antenatal care services (ANC).

A total of 2,350 children under 5 years old were screened throughout the reporting period in 7 refugee camps across the KR-I and received 2,280 packs (325 grams each) of supplementary and therapeutic treatment. 17 children were diagnosed with Global Acute Malnutrition (GAM)/wasting and received adequate treatment or were referred to specialized services.

With the support of UNICEF, the Directorate of Health (DoH) in Dahuk is vaccinating all newly arriving refugees below the age of 15 years in Dahuk Governorate. In January, 2,300 children were vaccinated against polio and 2,170 against measles.

Child protection

In January 2015, UNICEF provided psychosocial support (PSS) to 728 children (374 girls; 354 boys) in multiple locations across the country. Children take part in recreational and social activities run by UNICEF and partners in child- and youth-friendly spaces (CFS / YFS) that allow children and young people to play, learn, and engage with their peers in a safe and constructive environment. CFS and YFS spaces give child protection actors a chance to identify children and young people who may need additional provision to support their growth and recovery. In January, 116 children (43 girls; 73 boys) received, or were referred to more specialised protection services. Cases included children exhibiting signs of psychosocial distress and disorders, non-attendance at school or cases of child labour.



25th Anniversary of the CRC in Kawarogsk camp in a new school supported by UNICEF, ©UNICEF Iraq/2014/ANMAR

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS (January 2015)

	Sector 2015 Targets	Sector 2015 Results	UNICEF 2015 Targets	UNICEF 2015 Results
WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE²⁷				
# emergency affected population provided with adequate access to safe water	71,468	21,299	45,024	11,665
# emergency affected population provided with sustainable access to safe water	133,769	61,896	78,924	61,896
# emergency affected population with access to functional toilets & bathing facilities	103,546	-	23,816	-
# emergency affected population with access to functional appropriately designed toilets & bathing facilities ²⁸	88,256	91,889	57,366 ^a	76,176
# beneficiaries with routine access to solid waste collection and disposal services	103,546	90,470	50,738	6,696
# beneficiaries received hygiene kits	120,219	21,841	49,290	20,966
# beneficiaries reached through hygiene promotion activities	120,219	91,889	49,290 ^a	76,176
# children with access to safe water, sanitation and hygiene facilities in their learning environment and child friendly spaces	43,738	14,480	43,738	12,671
CHILD PROTECTION				
# children with access to psychosocial support services	20,669	2,677	14,262	728
# children receiving specialized child protection services ²⁹	7,950	242	3,500	131
# para-social workforce trained	200	-	200	-
EDUCATION				
# boys and girls in basic education	27,012	29,158	24,782	17,624
# children who have received school supplies	27,012	5,684	24,782	5,684
# children with access to psychosocial support in education programmes	27,012	15,453	24,782	14,241
HEALTH				
# children under 1 immunised against measles			6,366	504
# newborn babies of conflict-affected families benefitting from newborn home services			3,170	516
# children 0-59 months vaccinated for Polio			750,582	2,630
# health facilities in impacted communities supported			120	-
NUTRITION				
# children under 5 provided with access to growth monitoring (nutrition screening) services			14,382	3,364

²⁷ Some services in camps are being gradually handed over from UNICEF to other organizations and institutions, based on earlier agreements. It is expected that the number of beneficiaries reached by UNICEF will be therefore gradually declining, approaching the target set for UNICEF.

²⁸ Sanitation systems connected to disposal systems

²⁹ Reunification, alternative or specialized care and services

Turkey

Affected Population

Registered refugee figures from UNHCR data portal as at February 20, 2015. There are no persons pending registration.

Registered refugees	1,552,839
Persons Pending Registration	70,000
Child Refugees (Under 18)	841,639
Child Refugees (Under 5)	324,568

Winter response

In response to the severe winter weather, UNICEF Turkey's emergency teams have distributed winter clothing to 97,407 children. With these supplies UNICEF has reached 7,040 children aged 0-2 years and 31,658 children aged 3-18 years in Suruc; and 58,709 children aged 3-11 years in 21 camps.

Education

In 5 provinces (Adana, Hatay, Urfa, Mersin and Gaziantep), UNICEF is technically and financially supporting the development and (partial) implementation of Provincial Action Plans which will provide access to 150,000 Syrian school aged children in the Southeast of Turkey. In Adana, school supplies and bags for 6,000 children were dispatched to host community schools. As part of a support program to ensure the availability of education services in Arabic, UNICEF proceeded with the first payment of incentives (November payments) was made to 3,177 Syrian teachers on 6 January 2015. The capacity building program on "Child Protection and Psychosocial Support for Children in Crises" begun on 26 January 2015 in Kahramanmaraş for 136 Syrian teachers.

Protection

Under the ongoing partnership of UNICEF and Turkey Red Crescent Society, a new Child Friendly Space became operational at Community Center established by TRCS in a host community of Eyübiye province of Urfa, with the capacity to serve at least 100 children per day. Syrian trainers with UNICEF support have started to conduct Parenting Training Programme sessions in Adana Sariçam and Kilis Elbeyli camps, reaching 1,500 parents. As part of the joint work plan with the Ministry of Family and Social Policy, pilot peer to peer Social Adaptation and Harmonization trainings were conducted by children (2 Syrian + 2 Turkish), jointly reaching almost 500 Syrian and Turkish children in Gaziantep, Maraş, Adıyaman, Mardin, and Urfa.



7-year-old Khalil looks out from the doorway of his family's tent shelter, in a host community in Dikmen Valley – an urban transformation project area – in Ankara. © UNICEF/Turkey-2015/Yurtsever

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS (January 2015)

	Sector 2015 target	Sector total 2015 results	UNICEF 2015 target	UNICEF total 2015 results
NUTRITION				
# children under 5 receiving multi-micronutrient supplementation ³⁰	250,000	n/a	250,000	0
CHILD PROTECTION				
# of boys and girls affected by the Syria crisis with access to available community based protection and psychosocial support interventions	25,000 (12,102 – girls; 12,898 – boys) ³¹	x	10,000	57
# of Syrian and Turkish affected adolescents with improved life opportunities created through peer support for social adaptation, youth mobilization and advocacy, to enhance social inclusion and reduce child protection risks	144,400 ³²	x	125,000	224
EDUCATION Need 2014 – 424,000 children				
# school-aged children in schools/ learning programmes	345,000	90,146	100,000	90,146 ³³
# children who have received school supplies	250,000	6,000	180,000	6,000
# educational facilities constructed / refurbished and accessible by Syrian children in camps and non-camp settings	70	1	70	1
# qualified teachers trained	4,150	187	4,150	187
# qualified teachers supported with incentives	3,500	3,177	3,500	3,177 ³⁴
# children and adolescents receiving NFE/ IFE (Syrians, Other affected groups)	100,000	0	100,000	0

*Please note that enrolment figures are cumulative, disaggregated statistics for calendar year 2015 is not available

**Please note incentives are to be paid to the whole target group each month

³⁰ These indicator and targets may change subject to changes in UNICEF Health and Nutrition strategy.

³¹ 3RP, page 20.

³² 3RP, page 25.

³³ Note that enrolment figures are cumulative, disaggregated statistics for calendar year 2015 is not available

³⁴ Note incentives are to be paid to the whole target group each month

Egypt

Health

UNICEF Health program continues its support to refugee Syrian children aged under five years and their mothers with a comprehensive healthcare package. 299 Syrian women had access to Primary Health Units and received healthcare services. 1170 Syrian children under five received primary health care services, out of which 12 were diagnosed as mild cases of underweight.

During January 2015, 25 direct supervisors in Damietta governorate were trained with the aim of maximizing the benefit of their supervisory visits to target PHUs, and improving the quality of care provided at the healthcare facility level, particularly to Syrian women and children.

Education

As of December 31st, 2014, according to the Ministry of Education (MoE) enrolment figures, 14,943 Syrian boys and girls aged 6-14 were enrolled in UNICEF-supported primary public schools in the school year 2013/2014, in 7 Governorates (Qalyoubia, Giza, Cairo, Damietta, Alexandria) with the highest concentration of Syrian refugees.

67 lessons were recorded in Syrian Arabic on video and published on the Ministry of Education's web site, to reduce the barrier to continued access to education. In January 2015, UNICEF, in collaboration with partner NGOs, continued to support 33 community Kindergarten's in the governorates of Cairo, Giza, Alexandria, Damietta, and Sharqiya serving 834 children in 2014 (410 boys, 424 girls) for the school year 2014/2015. 86 KG teachers were trained on the design and delivery of child-centered classroom activities. Locations for 20 new classrooms to serve 500 children were identified in the 3RP. Validation reports are expected in the coming month.

Child Protection

In New Damietta and Alexandria, UNICEF resumed the provision of child protection activities to support Syrian refugee children and adolescents. In January 2015, 749 Syrian children received non-specialized psychosocial support services and 34 children received case management and specialized psychosocial support services in Alexandria and Damietta.

Affected Population

Registered refugee figures from UNHCR data portal as at February 20, 2015. There are no persons pending registration.

Registered refugees	136,717
Child Refugees (Under 18)	59,335
Child Refugees (Under 5)	17,090

SUMMARY OF PROGRAMME RESULTS (1 - 31 January 2015)

	Sector 2015 target	Sector total 2015 results	UNICEF 2015 target	UNICEF 2015 results
HEALTH				
# of under 5 (Egyptian and Syrian) children immunized during polio NIDs	14,500,000	n/a	14,500,000	0
# of U5 Syrian children immunized through the Routine immunization (measles)	15,000	n/a	15,000	0
# of Syrian women (15-49 year of age) benefiting from Primary health services ³⁵	33,441	n/a	10,000	322
# of Egyptian women (15-49) benefiting from access essential primary health services	n/a	n/a	NA	299
# of Syrian new born with access to obstetric and neonatal intensive care units)	n/a	n/a	NA	0
CHILD PROTECTION				
# Children, adolescents with access to community based CP and PSS support	17,000	NA	10,000	749
# Parents with access to community based CP and PSS	3,400	NA	2,500	0
# Syrian girls and boys with access to specialized psychosocial support ' case management'	2,450	NA	1,500	34
# government, civil society and community based organization staff trained on CP	540(1)	NA	250	0
EDUCATION				
# of Syrian children enrolled in formal education opportunities	62,700	n/a	14,500	0
# of community structures and KGs established	n/a	n/a	70	33
# of public and community school reached with child safeguarding mechanisms	n/a	n/a	10	0
# of students reached by psychosocial support	n/a	n/a	750	0
# of teachers trained	n/a	n/a	150	0
# of schools provided with education resource rooms	3,200	n/a	15 public schools	0
# of teachers (m/f) trained on design and implementing plans for students with special needs	n/a	n/a	150 teachers	0
# of teachers/ supervisors trained on active learning and multi-grade classroom management	1,000	n/a	750	86
# of managers trained (m/f)	N/A	n/a	300 managers	0
# of schools equipped and refurbished	30	n/a	15 schools	0

³⁵ Services covered include ANC, PNC, and Hypertension

Funding Status

Critical 3-Month Funding Priorities

Inside Syria

UNICEF Syria urgent funding requirements for the next three months are **US\$ 57 million**.

Education: US\$ 30 million is urgently required enable UNICEF to undertake the following priority actions:

- a. Procurement of essential textbooks and stationery to avoid delays in the return to school for the academic year 2015/16 for some 2.8 million school-age children;
- b. Print and deliver self-learning material for 1 million out-of-school children;
- c. Provide additional learning spaces and gender-friendly WASH facilities to benefit 300,000 school children.

WASH: US\$ 9 million required for the following interventions:

- a. Continue the provision of water treatment chemicals for 3-months allowing 16 million people to access safe water;
- b. Procurement and distribution of hygiene supplies for 500,000 IDPs and fuel to run water stations providing safe water to 4 million people
- c. Maintain water supply systems in Dara'a and Idlib, currently interrupted due to damage affecting over 1.3 million people
- d. Provide wastewater and sewage treatment and other sanitation infrastructure works to benefit 1.5 million people in Hama and 150,000 people in Sweida and Tartous.

UNICEF's planned response within the Aleppo Humanitarian Action Plan: \$US 6.5 million is required:

- a. to enable UNICEF to reach 1.5 million people in Aleppo (60% of the people in need in the governorate), through an integrated package of high impact interventions including reactivation and strengthening of routine immunization; provision of essential education and learning materials; water treatment supplies; psychosocial support services and mainstreaming risk education through school systems.

Unconditional Cash Transfers: US\$6 million is required:

- a. UNICEF is in the process of finalizing the programming for unconditional cash transfers which will aim to cover 5,000 households for 6 months.

Health & Nutrition: US\$ 4 million is needed for the following interventions:

- a. Operational expenses and vaccines for the April polio round targeting 2.9 million children
- b. Continuation of routine immunization benefitting some 490,000 children;
- c. Maintenance of the community-based management of acute malnutrition programming including supply benefitting some 75,000 malnourished children at risk.

Child Protection: US \$2 million is required:

- a. for the continuation and expansion of critical psycho social services for 75,000 children

In refugee hosting countries in the sub-region

UNICEF in the sub-region urgent funding requirements for the next three months are **US\$ 55 million**.

Iraq

Health and Nutrition: UNICEF urgently requires **US\$ 850,000** for the coming three months in order to continue to provide Maternal and Child Health (MCH) services in all Syrian refugee camps. MCH services are currently provided for approximately 46,000 refugees, and are critical to reducing maternal and under-five mortality and morbidity within camps

RRM and Cash Assistance: In response to the newly displaced refugees primarily from Kobani (Syria) into Iraq, UNICEF Iraq requires **US\$ 500,000** in order to respond to the most urgent needs of the newly displaced, with immediate life-saving supplies through its well-tryed Rapid Response Mechanism. In order to activate its social protection mechanism / social cash transfers for the same target group, UNICEF requires **US\$ 3 million**, which can assist 3,000 recently displaced households, specifically targeted at children, through 3 repetitive cash transfers of US\$ 250 per family, over the period of 9 months.

Education: US\$ 5 million is required to build 8 13 classroom schools in host communities and to preposition essential teaching-learning materials in order to provide 7,300 Syrian refugee children the opportunity to continue their education. Currently more than 57 per cent of the school-aged refugee children living in non-camp settings are not going to school, due primarily to the unavailability of schools.

Lebanon

Health and Nutrition: UNICEF Lebanon has a critical funding gap in Health and Nutrition with no funding received in this sector in 2015. **US\$ 10.7 million** is urgently required over the next 3 months to provide over 200,000 Syrian refugees with much needed primary healthcare consultations and to conduct 2 mop-up polio campaigns targeting 188,000 under-5 children.

Child Protection: **US\$ 7.2 million** needs to be secured in the next 3-months to ensure the continuation of critical psychosocial support for 120,000 children and 50,000 caregivers.

Jordan

Education: **\$10 million** is urgently needed for scaling up the MAKANI integrated approach to expanding learning opportunities to reach 90,000 out-of-school children (immediate gap to scale up the approach by March 2015).

Basic Needs: A shortfall of **US\$ 5.3 million** threatens the implementation of the child cash grant programme which ensures coverage of 14,600 families (48,000 children) living below the abject poverty line for a minimum six-month period (March – August 2015)

Turkey

Education: A large funding gap in education with no contributions received against the 2015 appeal, is hindering the expansion of education facilities, teacher training in psychosocial support and limiting the payment of incentives to Syrian teachers. **US\$ 6 million** is urgently need to allow for scaling up of incentive payments for an additional 5,300 teachers which would benefit some 200,000 Syrian students.

US\$ 3.5 million is required in the next 3 months to provide some 20,000 children will access to learning through the construction of 19 schools, refurbishment and renovation of 20 schools and provision of 20,000 education kits.

Child Protection: **US \$1.5 million** is urgently needed to expand the number of child-friendly spaces (CFS) available for Syrian children in host communities. This funding would cover the establishment and running costs of 10 CFSs which would benefit some 100 children per day and about 2,400 children per month.

Egypt

Education: **\$US 800,000** is required for rehabilitation of 22 Government schools to benefit some 25,000 students, including 5,000 Syrian children; and establishment of 20 new kindergarten classrooms and support to 30 existing classrooms benefitting over 1,200 children;

Child Protection: **US \$350,000** urgently required to build child safeguarding systems in 10 public schools and to train both teachers and social workers in positive discipline to prevent and respond to violence at school; to guarantee legal aid for children in detention; to address child protection concerns for separated children and unaccompanied minors refugees.

Health: **\$US 250,000** required for the procurement of health and nutrition supplies for 30 primary health care units servicing Syrian refugees and outreach work of Syrian community health worker

Syrian Crisis

2015 Appeal: SRP and 3RP

22 February 2015

SECTORAL ALLOCATIONS

<i>Funding Status</i>		WASH	Education	Child Protection	Health & Nutrition	Basic Needs (NFIs)	Other (MENARO)	Total*	Percentage Funded
<i>In millions of US Dollars</i>									
Syria	Required	72.02	92.04	22.53	62.21	30.40		279.21	3.0%
	Funded	0.78	0.40	1.03	0.49	5.78		8.49	
Jordan	Required	56.03	50.79	24.95	11.04	36.70		179.51	14.5%
	Funded	18.59	3.62			3.75		25.95	
Lebanon	Required	90.85	116.06	29.16	42.86	10.10		289.02	20.9%
	Funded	12.37	44.14	3.80	0.17	0.02		60.51	
Iraq	Required	45.36	12.93	8.74	10.49	1.20		78.72	25.5%
	Funded	5.82	0.22	5.01	8.00	1.04		20.10	
Turkey	Required		42.00	9.58	5.27	3.50		60.35	0.0%
	Funded								
Egypt	Required		2.02	1.82	6.82			10.66	0.0%
	Funded								
MENA	Required	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	1.50	1.50	6.00	3.0%
	Funded							0.18	
Total	Required	265.01	316.59	97.54	139.44	83.40	1.50	903.47	12.8%
	Funded	37.56	48.37	9.85	8.66	10.60		115.22	
	% Funded	14%	15%	10%	6.2%	13%		13%	
	Funding Gap (\$)	227.44	268.22	87.69	130.78	72.80	1.50	788.25	
	Funding Gap (%)	85.8%	84.7%	89.9%	93.8%	87.3%	100.0%	87.2%	

* The total amount includes funds that are currently being allocated to country offices.

Next SitRep: 22 March 2015

UNICEF Syria Crisis: www.unicef.org/infobycountry/syriancrisis_68134.html

UNICEF Syria Crisis Facebook: www.facebook.com/unicefmena

UNICEF Syria and Syrian Refugees Humanitarian Action for Children Appeal: <http://www.unicef.org/appeals/index.html>



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